

Dear Mr. Melanson:

After you left last Saturday I located the JD document about Blakey & the perjury charge against my brother John Ray. It is enclosed herein. This bank robbery charge had its beginning some where around May 1968 when an FBI informant I once knew, John Gawron, told the FBI that I and another robbed the Alton Bank in September 1967. Subsequently the FBI discovered that the other alleged robber was in jail at the time of the robbery. Gawron then brought in another robber (apparently my other brother Jerry) but by then the FBI no longer relied on Gawron. (I have seen these FBI documents but don't have them in prison). Anyway later the Select committee picked up the chase and charged me and Jerry with the robbery. This was on August 16 when I appeared before the committee. Thereafter Jerry turned himself in to the Alton police (see enclosed dated Aug. 18th), and offered to stand trial for the robbery. The police said he never was a suspect. (In fact he was working in Chicago the day the robbery was committed but the Select Committee said he couldn't prove it since his work records had been "lost". Thereafter on August 25th Blakey decided my other brother had committed the robbery (John, who didn't have an airtight alibi, and went to the JD seeking the indictment). However, the aforementioned document also read that Blakey had been to see an Earl Silbert on May 24th about the indictment so one wonders why the committee charged Jerry in August with the robbery while talking about indicting John in May about the same robbery unless the committee wanted to charge them both with the robbery. John finally was convicted of aiding & abetting in a bank robbery committed in 1970 and was sentenced by Judge William Webster (now FBI director), to 18 years in federal prison where he still is.

Also enclosed:

1. Three pages from the Interrogatories I filed on the NARS where the Archives say they have 58 cubic feet of records under seal.

2. A receipt from the Shelby county jail where I noted what ph. nrs. I had backwards. The "no. 7573" was the last 4 digits of a New Orleans ph. nr. Raoul gave me. There has been considerable speculation about the first three numbers. Someone named Webberman got the number out of a court document and wrote me about it. (see two enclosed letters from "Independent Research". The other number (483-1429, also backwards), I located in a Baton Rouge telephone directory after Raoul had given it to me as a "back-up number". I never called anyone at the number, I suspect it was given to me in case I was arrested and Raoul & his associates wanted to throw the police off--sort of a diversion. Anyway I didn't remember the number, rather the name matched up with it that I found in the directory; one, Herman Thompson; and after I was arrested had Jerry get the number by calling or asking the operator for Thompson's number. As to the phone numbers Percy Foreman has and said he got them from me or indirectly from me, they are referred to in his deposition he gave in the 1974 HC hearing I had in Memphis, Ray v. Rose, C-74-166 US Dist. Ct. The deposition is reproduced in vol. v. of the Select committee final report. If you have V. check out pp. 234 through 240.

The address on the receipt down backwards, 0811 N.W. Rover Drive, Hi. Fl., is one Randolph Rosenson. I found Rosenson named (original thought Rosen), in my car in Mexico in November 1967 just before crossing the border into the US. The name was written on a business card (backside), and had fell or been planted between the front seats of the Mustang. I'm sure Rosenson had nothing to do with the MLK case. He was in the Andrew Johnson hotel in Knoxville when I escaped in June 1977. His cover story was he had been having car problems, but I'm sure the committee had him there for questioning since the hotel was owned by ~~the late John ...~~ Boyd Cloud, Gov. Blanton's patronage chief for the Knoxville area, and the committee probably threw a little trade his way. There is more to the Rosenson story in Knoxville which you might obtain from the Knoxville police dept. Reporters Stan DeLozier & David Lyons of the Knoxville "Sentinel". His record evidences he was an informant & I suspect he was being used by someone or agency.

In respect to the stabbing on June 4, 1981, I sued but the district court would not even permit discovery. The suit is now on appeal to the US sixth circuit. There were 4 involved, 3 blacks & one white. The white, apparently at the instigation of the prison administration directly or indirectly told ch. 5 tv in Nashville that I had said to have the stabbing performed. The story was that ...



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